

#### AABC Commissioning Group

AIA Provider Number 50111116

#### Preserving the World's Art and Artifacts through Existing Building Commissioning

Course Number: CXENERGY1724

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April 27, 2017



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#### Course Description

Installing a cutting-edge HVAC system goes a long way in successfully controlling temperature and relative humidity in any space, but there are still opportunities for complications to arise. The Brooklyn Museum, one of the oldest and largest museums in the U.S., experienced the challenges associated with gallery climate control following a phased renovation project. To diagnose the issues leading to unstable temperature and relative humidity in gallery spaces, an Existing Building Commissioning (EBCx) process was successfully implemented on their gallery HVAC systems.



## Learning Objectives

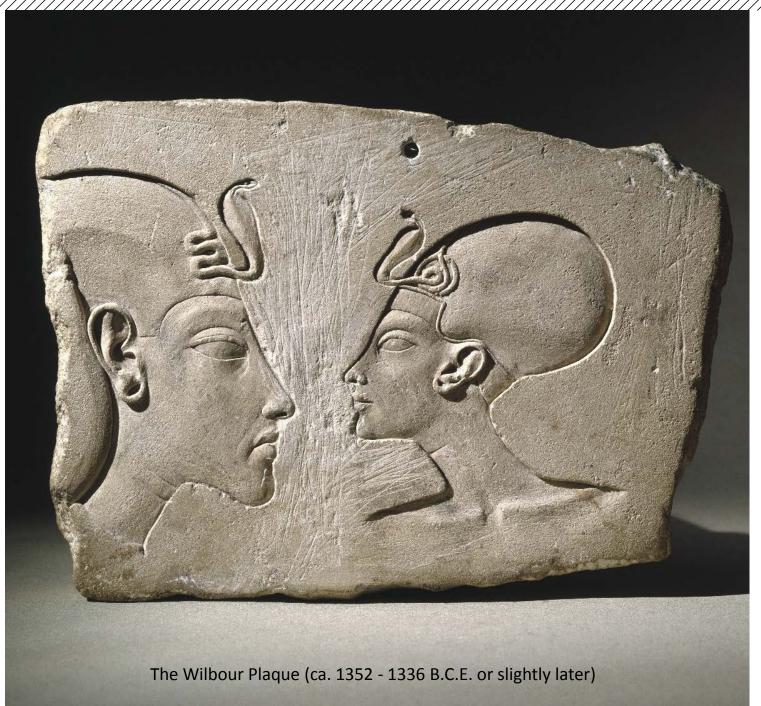
At the end of this course, participants will be able to:

- 1. Identify how structured phasing during construction leads to gaps in mechanical and electrical system operation.
- 2. Identify common construction shortcuts taken and the process by which to remedy the deficiencies found.
- 3. Understand the importance of systematic testing.
- 4. Identify inconsistencies in system operation through monitoring, which can identify potential underlying deficiencies.

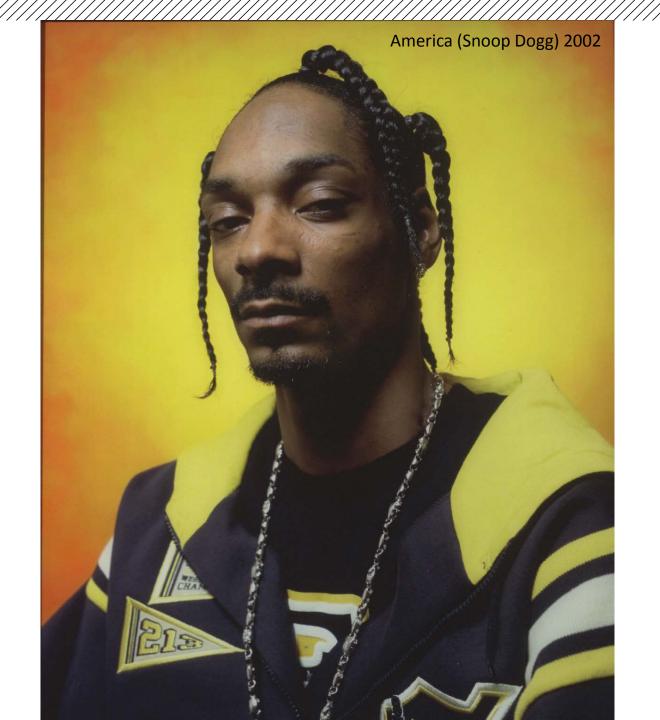
















One of the Oldest and Largest Art Museums in the United States

- Originally part of a larger vision: The Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences
- Museum division became known as Brooklyn Museum
  - Built in phases starting in the 1890's
- Home to an extensive collection, both on display and in holding
- Long history of renovations and improvements to the base building to support the conservation of the collection
  - 2001 Present: Redesigned galleries















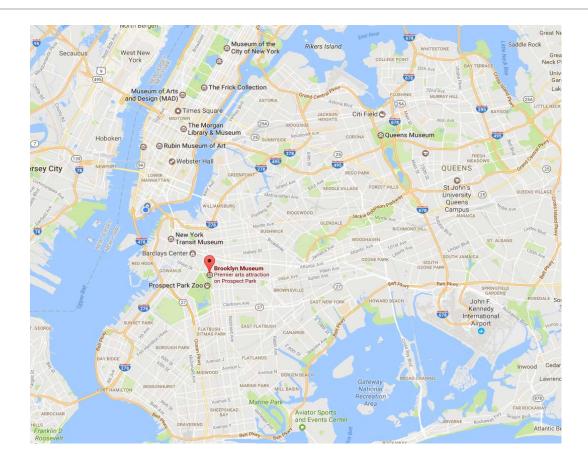






























































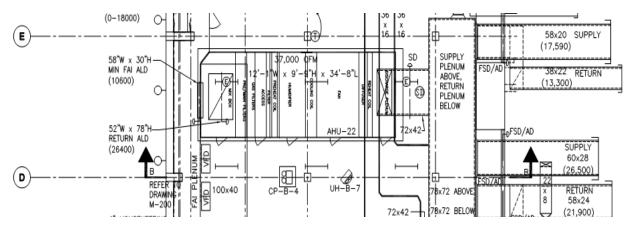








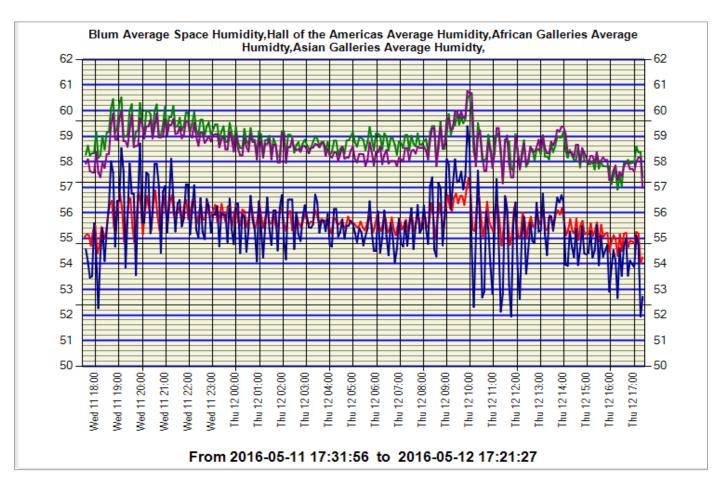
Gallery HVAC Upgrades from 2008 - 2016



- New centralized custom-built air distribution system
  - Headered variable air volume AHU's with RF's
  - Network of VAV's with hot water reheat capabilities
  - Automated temperature controls with monitoring

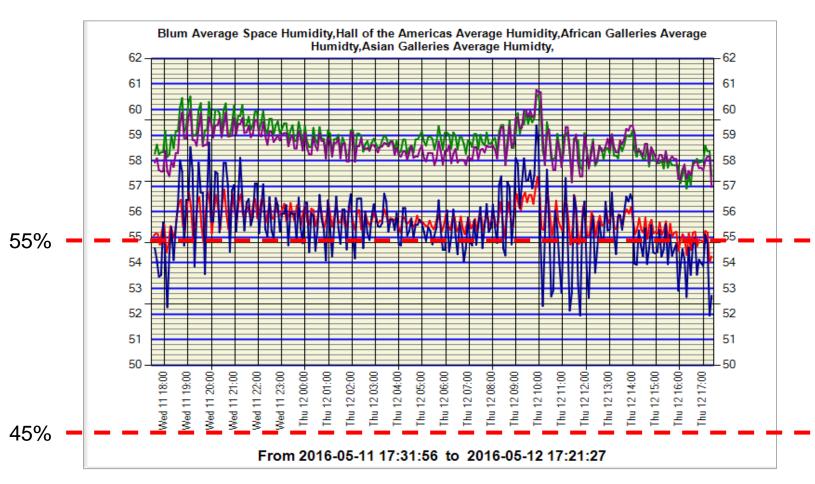
- Multiple phases completed by different teams of CM's, Contractors, Balancers
- System startup and implementation in phases to keep Museum in operation

Humidity Concerns After Systems Are Turned Over





Humidity Concerns After Systems Are Turned Over



Brooklyn Museum Hires JB&B for EBCx of Gallery Air Distribution System

PLANNING PHASE

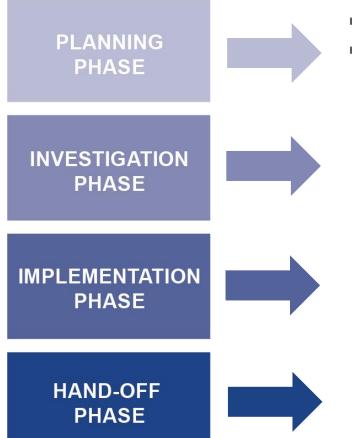
INVESTIGATION PHASE

IMPLEMENTATION PHASE

HAND-OFF PHASE



Brooklyn Museum Hires JB&B for EBCx of Gallery Air Distribution System

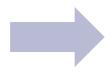


- Meet with Museum staff
- Try to understand existing conditions and operations



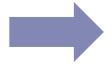
Brooklyn Museum Hires JB&B for EBCx of Gallery Air Distribution System

PLANNING PHASE



- Meet with Museum staff
- Try to understand existing conditions and operations

INVESTIGATION PHASE



- Visual inspections
- Sensor accuracy verification
- Functional testing
- Balancing verification

IMPLEMENTATION PHASE



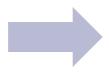
HAND-OFF PHASE





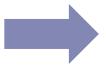
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PLANNING PHASE



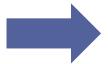
- Meet with Museum staff
- Try to understand existing conditions and operations

INVESTIGATION PHASE



- Visual inspections
- Sensor accuracy verification
- Functional testing
- Balancing verification

IMPLEMENTATION PHASE



- Identify corrective actions
- Implement corrective actions
- Verify outcomes

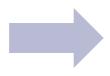
HAND-OFF PHASE





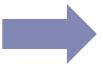
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PLANNING PHASE



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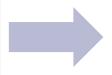
HAND-OFF PHASE



Develop preventative maintenance plans



PLANNING PHASE



- Meet with Museum staff
- Try to understand existing conditions and operations

INVESTIGATION PHASE

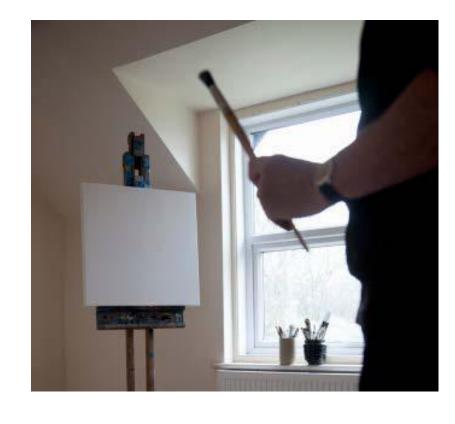
IMPLEMENTATION PHASE

HAND-OFF PHASE



#### CFR and Review of Existing Documentation

- No CFR but need to understand space requirements/deliverables
- Review of EOR design drawings from various phases
- Interviews with museum staff and BMS service provider
- Initial site walk-through
- Creation of EBCx plan





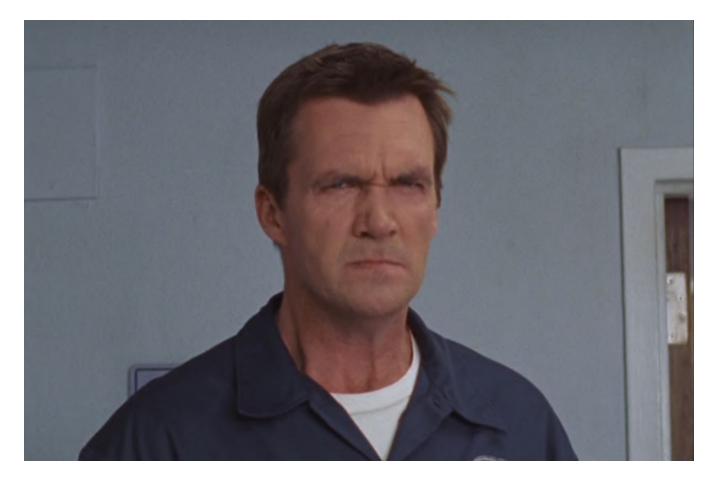
Challenges/Limitations: Documentation (or Lack Thereof)







Challenges/Limitations: O&M Staff



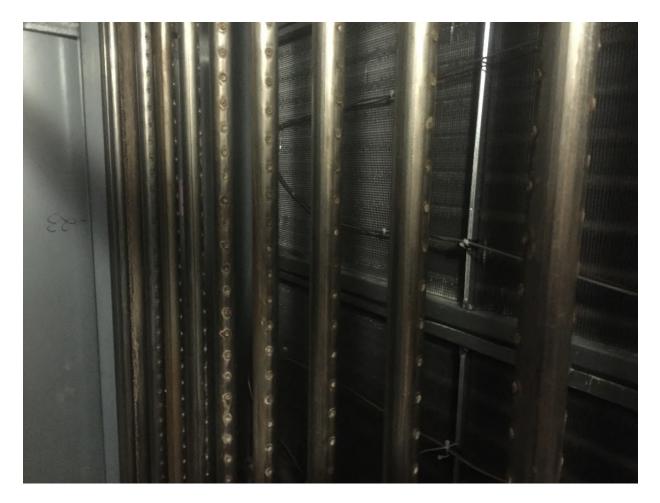


Challenges/Limitations: Equipment Degradation





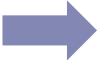
Challenges/Limitations: Equipment Degradation





PLANNING PHASE

INVESTIGATION PHASE



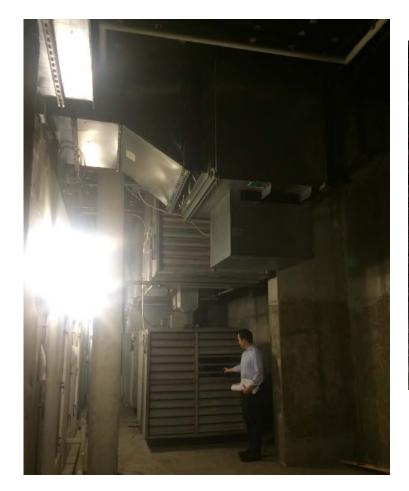
- Visual inspections
- Sensor accuracy verification
- Functional testing
- Balancing verification

IMPLEMENTATION PHASE

HAND-OFF PHASE



**Visual Inspections** 

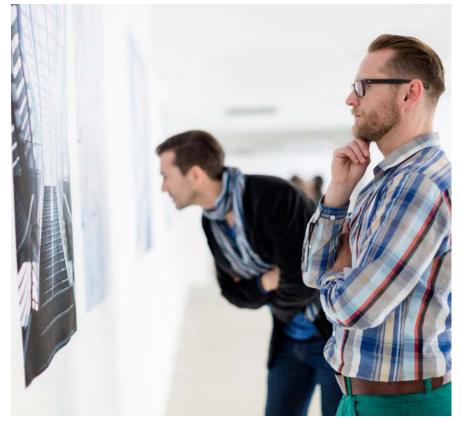






#### Sensor Accuracy Verification

- Temperature/humidity control at AHU's is only as good as the data at controlling devices
- Visited every temperature- and humidity-controlling sensor
- Compared measured value with BMS value
  - Utilized a calibrated temperature/humidity device
  - Temperature within +/- 5% of device reading
  - Humidity within +/- 2% of device reading





#### Sensor Calibration Verification for the Brooklyn Museum

Equipment ID	Sensor Type	Service	Controlling Sensor	Verifying Agency	Status	Date Verified	Remote Value (BMS)	Measured Value (Calibrated Device)	AVG	Delta	Acceptable Min	Acceptable Max	Pass
RF-22	Temp Sensor	Common Return Air Plenum	Υ	JBB	Verified	4/12/2016	54.78	72.56		17.78	68.93	76.19	FALSE
RF-22	Humidity Sensor	Common Return Air Plenum	Y	JBB	Verified	4/12/2016	39.37	38.46		0.91	36.46	40.46	TRUE
AHU-22	Temp Sensor	Preheat Discharge Lower	Υ	JBB	Verified	4/12/2016		63.60	68.30		60.42	71.72	FALSE
AHU-22	Temp Sensor	Preheat Discharge Middle	Υ	JBB	Verified	4/12/2016	55.00	69.20		13.30			
AHU-22	Temp Sensor	Preheat Discharge Upper	Υ	JBB	Verified	4/12/2016		72.10					
AHU-22	Temp Sensor	Cooling Coil Discharge	Υ	JBB	Verified	4/12/2016	58.40	72.50		14.10	68.88	76.13	FALSE
AHU-22	Temp Sensor	Supply Air	Y	JBB	Verified	4/12/2016	55.90	72.50		16.60	68.88	76.13	FALSE
AHU-22	Humidity Sensor	Supply Air	Υ	JBB	Verified	4/12/2016	38.80	34.40		4.40	32.40	36.40	FALSE
AHU-22	Static Pressure Sensor	Duct Static at Fan Discharge	Υ	JBB	Verified	4/12/2016	2.74	2.80		0.06	2.66	2.94	TRUE
AHU-22	Static Pressure Sensor	Duct Static 2/3 Down Duct	Υ	Balancer									
AHU-22	Airflow Station	Supply Air	Υ	Balancer				1	100		0		
AHU-22	Airflow Station	Return Air	Y	Balancer				1					$\overline{}$
AHU-22	CO2 Sensor	Return Air	N	JBB			507.00	TBD					
RF-23	Temp Sensor	Common Return Air Plenum	Y	JBB	Verified	4/12/2016	73.00	71.90		1.10	68.31	75.50	TRUE
RF-23	Humidity Sensor	Common Return Air Plenum	Υ	JBB	Verified	4/12/2016	47.00	44.50		2.50	42.50	46.50	FALSE
AHU-23	Temp Sensor	Preheat Discharge Lower	Υ	JBB	Verified	4/12/2016	14000000	59.50				62.34	TRUE
AHU-23	Temp Sensor	Preheat Discharge Middle	Y	JBB	Verified	4/12/2016	58.00	58.60	59.37	1.37	56.53		
AHU-23	Temp Sensor	Preheat Discharge Upper	Y	JBB	Verified	4/12/2016		60.00					
AHU-23	Temp Sensor	Cooling Coil Discharge	Y	JBB	Verified	4/12/2016	67.10	65.10		2.00	61.85	68.36	TRUE
AHU-23	Temp Sensor	Supply Air	Υ	JBB	Verified	4/12/2016	73.50	71.50		2.00	67.93	75.08	TRUE
AHU-23	Humidity Sensor	Supply Air	Y	JBB	Verified	4/12/2016	57.80	47.80		10.00	45.80	49.80	FALSE
	Static Pressure Sensor	Duct Static at Fan Discharge	Y	JBB	Verified	4/12/2016	2.60	2.70		0.10	2.57	2.84	TRUE
AHU-23	Static Pressure Sensor	Duct Static 2/3 Down Duct	Y	Balancer	Vermed	4/12/2010	2.00	2.70		0.20	2.57	2.07	moc
AHU-23	Airflow Station	Supply Air	Ÿ	Balancer		+ -							
AHU-23	Airflow Station	Return Air	Y	Balancer									
AHU-23	CO2 Sensor	Return Air	N	JBB			508.00	TBD					
AITO ES	Temp Sensor	African Galleries/Hall of the Americas	Y	JBB	Verified	4/18/2016	74.80	72.50		2.3	68.88	76.13	TRUE
VAV-B-21	Humidity Sensor		Y	JBB	Verified	4/18/2016	55.00	54.00		1	52.00	56.00	TRUE
IN DEL	Airflow Sensor	Aircan dalieries/rian of the Americas	Y	Balancer	Vermeu	4/10/2010	33.00	34.00		1	32.00	30.00	THOL
	Temp Sensor		V	JBB	Verified	4/18/2016	73.65	69.80		3.85	66.31	73.29	FALSE
VAV-B-18	Humidity Sensor	African Galleries	Y	JBB	Verified	4/18/2016	58.70	56.30		2.4	54.30	58.30	TRUE
AVA-0-10	Airflow Sensor	Airicair Galleries		Balancer	vermeu	4/10/2016	36.70	36.30		2.4	34.30	30.30	TRUE
	Temp Sensor	+	Y	JBB	Verified	4/18/2016	71.70	70.10		1.6	66.60	73.61	TRUE
VAV-B-34	Humidity Sensor	African Galleries	Y	JBB	Verified	4/18/2016	63.50	56.20	_	7.3	54.20	58.20	FALSE
VAV-0-34	Airflow Sensor		Y	Balancer	vermeu	4/10/2016	05.50	36.20	-	7.5	34.20	30.20	FALSE
	Temp Sensor		V	JBB	Verified	4/18/2016	73.30	71.40		1.9	67.83	74.97	TRUE
HoA Zone 1	Humidity Sensor	Hall of the Americas	Y	JBB	Verified	4/18/2016	39.00	52.10		13.1	50.10	54.10	FALSE
HUA ZUIIC I	Airflow Sensor		V	Balancer	vermeu	4/10/2016	39.00	52.10		15.1	30.10	54.10	FALSE
	Temp Sensor	Hall of the Americas	T V	JBB	Verified	4/18/2016	72.60	70.30		2.3	66.79	73.82	TRUE
U.A. 7 3			V	JBB		4/18/2016	48.50	56.20		7.7	54.20		FALSE
HoA Zone 2	Humidity Sensor		Y V		Verified	led 4/18/2016 48.50	56.20	_	1.1	54.20	58.20	PALSE	
	Airflow Sensor	Hall of the Americas		Balancer	Madelad	4/10/2016	73.65	71.00		1.3	60.03	75.10	TOLLS
HoA Zone 3	Temp Sensor		Y	JBB	Verified	4/18/2016	72.80 44.90	71.60 52.10		7.2	68.02	75.18 54.10	TRUE
	Humidity Sensor		Y	JBB	Verified	4/18/2016	44.90	52.10		1.2	50.10	54.10	PALSE
	Airflow Sensor			Balancer	V161	4/10/2015	74.50	71.70		2.0	60.10	75.00	TOLIT
MAN D 22/22	Temp Sensor	Asian Galleries	Y	JBB	Verified	4/18/2016	74.50	71.70		2.8	68.12	75.29	TRUE
VAV-B-22/23	Humidity Sensor		Y	JBB	Verified	4/18/2016	58.20	55.20		3	53.20	57.20	FALSE
	Airflow Sensor		Y	Balancer		1000000	147.22					a II P	-
	Temp Sensor		Υ	JBB	Verified	4/18/2016	74.70	71.60		3.1	68.02	73.19 U U	TRUE
VAV-B-16/17/19	Humidity Sensor	Asian Galleries	Υ	JBB	Verified	4/18/2016	56.70	53.40		3.3	51.40	\$5.40	FALSE
	Airflow Sensor	<u> </u>	Υ	Balancer				1				35.40	

<sup>\*</sup> Temperature sensors must be within +/- 5% of the calibrated test gauge value.

<sup>\*</sup> Humidity sensors must be within +/- 2% RH of the calibrated test gauge value.

Functional Testing of Individual Assets



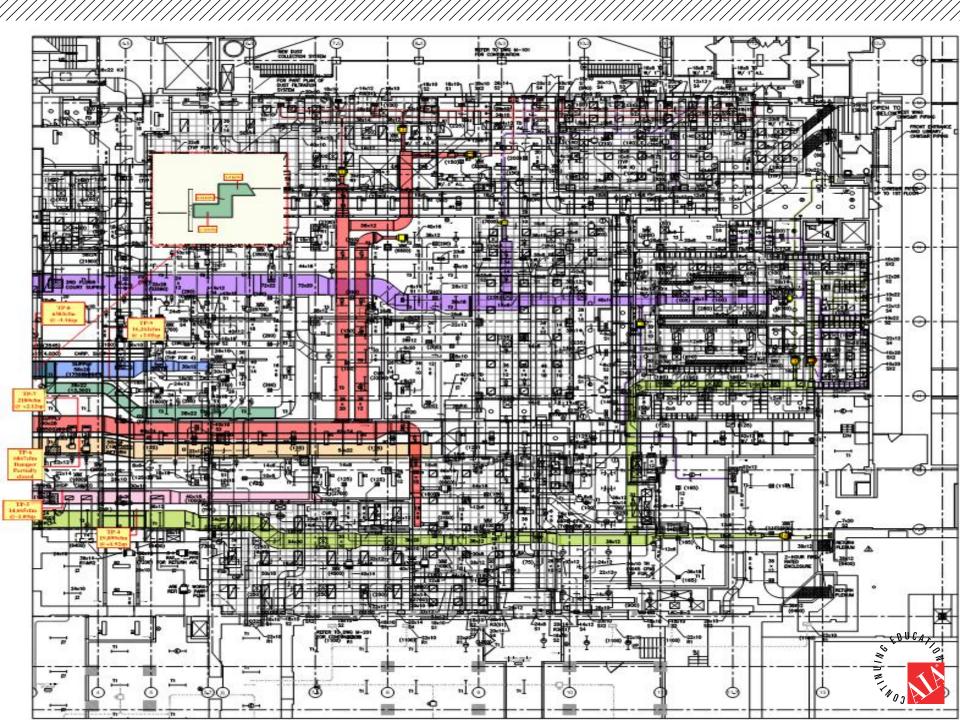
3.0 NO	TES AND COMMENTS			12 6
Item #	Comments	ng test procedure for an air handling unit to confirm that this facturer's requirements, approved shop drawings, and/or or		
NOTE	Attu-22 is the lead/Master unit of controls AHU-23 when			
- 60	in operation.			7550
(1)	OA damper is weatherd.	Por Owner Review		
2	AHU-22 ramps up first w/ AHU-23 to quickly follow verify			
	Both Shouldn't rampe exactly the same rate u/ Bruno.			
(3)	Each unit has its own set of sensors - may cause units to	v.	Yes	No
	run in separate modes.	aports available for review.		M
(4)	AHL-23 humidifies while AHL-22 does not	for review,	M	
	15 76% 12H vs 37% RH	icing (TAB) available for review.		e e
(5)	System always controls to Atth-22 duct static pressure not	sancing (TAb) available for review,		Ø
0	resser of two values.			
(6)	Cutout in concrete floor is full of stagnant water in			
6	OA plenum.	-		
7	Backdraft dampers on both return fans are tired & do	-		
8	Backdraft dampers on both return trans are fired & 90	1		
6	not open fully (directing air down)	c.	F	Page 1 of 15
(9)	Return air Fransfer duct to Atty-22 is blocked by EF-B-2			
(10)	Aumidifiers should be directed into air stream.	J		

#### **Balancing Verification**

TAB Traverse Data Summary						
TAB Traverse Bata	I					
TAB Measurement						
Location	Service	Design	Measured	Offset	Notes	
AHU-22	Supply Main	37,000	35,600	1,400		
AHU-23	Supply Main	37,000	35,550	1,450		
Totals		74,000	71,150	2.850		
		,				
RF-22	Return Main	33,300	35,597	(2,297)		
RF-23	Return Main	33,300	34,482	(1,182)		
Totals		66,600	70,079	(3,479)		
		-	-			
TP-1	Supply Branch	1,800	1,800	-	To Loading Dock VAV-11	
TP-2	Supply Branch	7,060	7,211	(151)	To 1st Floor Expansion	
TP-4	Supply Branch	23,300	19,899	3,401		
TP-7	Supply Branch	26,500	21,800	4,700		
TP-9	Supply Branch	17,590	16,262	1,328		
Totals		76,250	66,972	9,429		
TP-3	Return Branch	6,354	6,290	64	From 1st Floor Expansion	
TP-5	Return Branch	19,980	14,665	5,315		
TP-6	Return Branch	19,120	6,867	12,253		
TP-8	Return Branch	13,300	6,383	6,917		
Totals		58,754	34,205	24,549		

TAB Airflow Sensor Calibration						
CFM						
(Uncalibrated)	CFM (Calibrated)	CFM Offset				
1,670	1,500	(170)				
400	400	-				
1,750	1,550	(200)				
2,600	2,780	180				
3,600	4,000	400				
1,300	1,700	400				
1,700	2,100	400				
1,800	2,400	600				
1,900	1,900	-				
960	960	-				
1,300	1,250	(50)				
1,600	1,600					
570	570	-				
2,300	2,100	(200)				
4,500	5,100	600				
3,600	4,000	400				
3,600	4,500	900				
2,500	2,500	-				
6,300	5,200	(1,100)				
5,800	4,800	(1,000)				
290	275	(15)				
560	550	(10)				
530	525	(5)				
-	130	-				
-	120	-				
260	250	(10)				
-	260	1				
240	-	-				
-	-	-				
410	420	10				
1,800	1,800	-				
	790	790				
1,070	1,100	30				
400	500	100				
55,310	57,630	2,320				





# RESULTS

### **Findings**

- O&M on existing assets could use improvement
- Control schemes for AHU operation were inconsistent with design documents
- Approx. 37% of JB&B-verified sensors were out of calibration
- Approx. 58% of return air was "missing" from the return side of the distribution system
- Approx. 2,300 cfm of air was distributed incorrectly at VAV boxes





### **Findings**

- O&M on existing assets could use improvement
- Control to ses or AH J operation were in posision will distinct will distinct the documents.
- Approx. 37% of JB&B-verified sensors were out of calibration
- Approx. 58% dure un trives "musin" from the return size of the distribution system.
- Approx. 2,300 cfm of air was distributed incorrectly at VAV boxes



PLANNING PHASE

INVESTIGATION PHASE

IMPLEMENTATION PHASE



- Identify corrective actions
- Implement corrective actions
- Verify outcomes

HAND-OFF PHASE



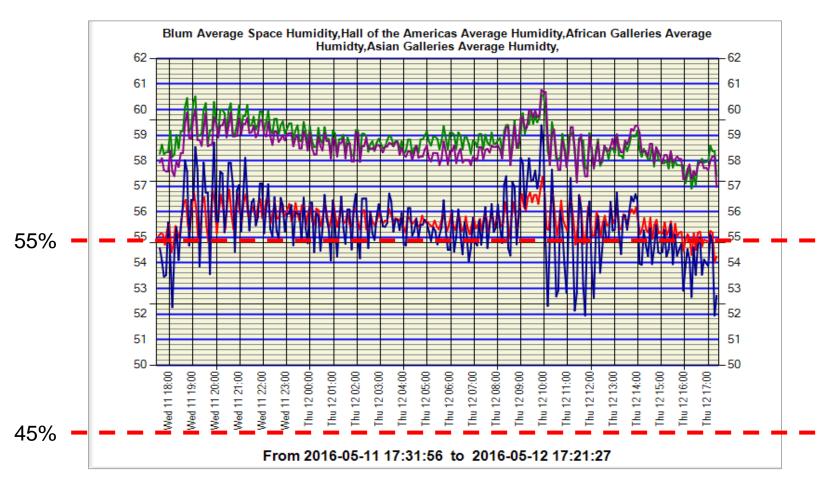
### **Corrective Actions and Improvements**

- Worked with O&M staff to address simple RCM's – cleanliness/repair
- Worked with BMS service provider to return SOO to design or better
  - Optimized control parameters
  - Tuned PID loops
- Recalibrated/replaced inaccurate temperature/humidity sensors
- Adjusted balance of system to distribute air correctly
- Created implementation plans for more costly corrective actions

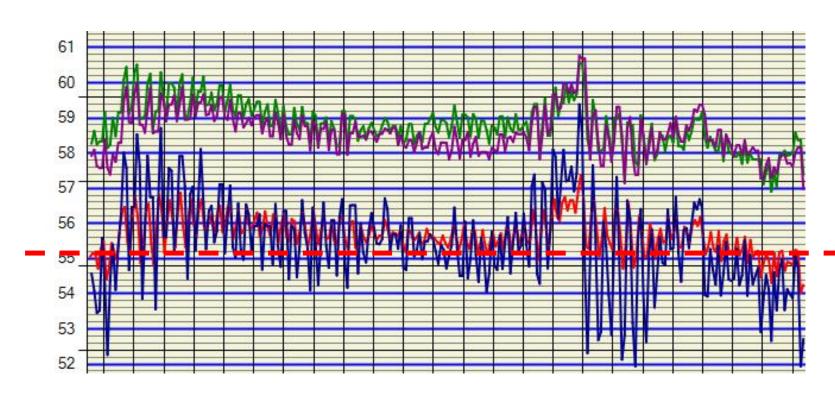




Remember Our Starting Point?



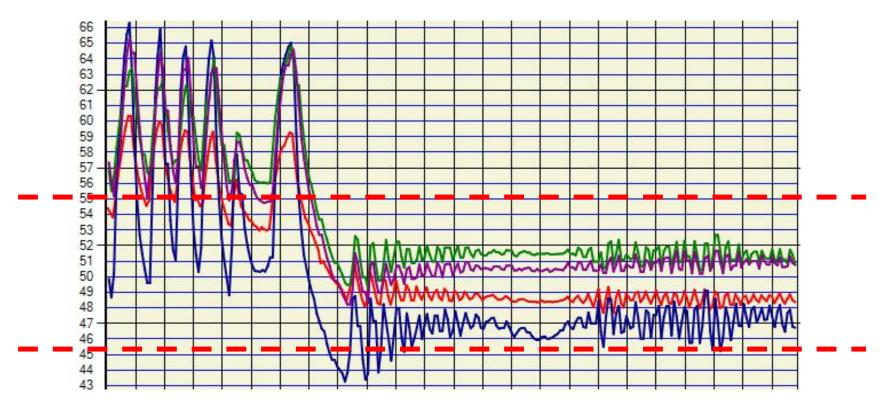
Humidity in Galleries May 12, 2016



Noisy and Outside of Acceptable Range



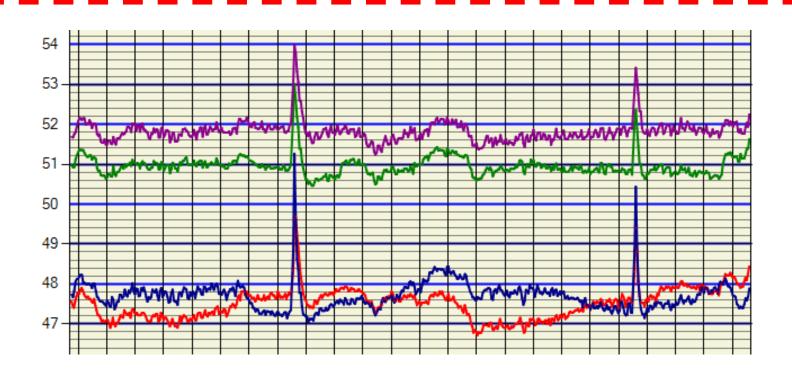
Humidity in Galleries May 20, 2016



Still Noisy, but Closer to Acceptable Range



Humidity in Galleries June 6, 2016





## Existing Building Commissioning (EBCx) Process - Hand-Off Phase

PLANNING PHASE

INVESTIGATION PHASE

IMPLEMENTATION PHASE

HAND-OFF PHASE



Develop preventative maintenance plans



### **Existing Building Commissioning** (EBCx) Process - Hand-Off Phase

Preventative Maintenance and Upkeep



### **Preventive Maintenance Items**

Maintenance Item (In Order of Importance)	Suggested Action
Item 1: Maintaining accuracy of controlling temperature and humidity sensing devices.  a. Temperature sensor readings within +/- 5	Action 1: Have all temperature and humidity sensors checked for accuracy and recalibrated as necessary every 6 months to a year.
of a calibrated test device	Action 2: Protect temperature and
<ul> <li>b. Humidity sensor readings within +/- 2% RF a calibrated test device.</li> </ul>	humidity sensors with coverings during any construction or renovation work in gallery spaces.
Item 2: Optimizing flow through Gallery AHUs.	Action 1: Change filters every 6 months.
	Action 2: Clean coils every 6 months to a year.
<b>Item 3:</b> Optimizing Humidification at the Gallery AHUs.	Action 1: Clean all scale build-up from steam dispersion tubes and

nozzles every 3 - 6 months.

### Final Recommissioning Report

### Introduction

Jaros, Baum & Bolles Commissioning (JB&B Cx) was retained by the Brooklyn Museum to provide recommissioning services for the gallery air distribution system located at 200 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, New York. The Gallery Air Distribution Recommissioning Project consisted of recommissioning two (2) existing headered variable air volume air handling units, thirty-one (31) variable air volume terminal units, and three (3) fan-powered boxes in order to return the mperature and humidity control in the museum's various Gallery spaces back to the original sign intent and the current facility requirements. In addition, JB&B Cx verified the accuracy of nsors controlling gallery temperature and humidity sequences of operation and worked closely th the Testing, Adjusting and Balancing (TAB) Contractor to identify discrepancies between

uring the recommissioning process, JB&B Cx participated in various meetings with facility rerations and planning staff, and performed the tasks of the equipment testing with the BMS rvice provider to identify issues with the operation of the existing equipment. Through multiple e visits and remote trending and analysis of HVAC system parameters, JB&B Cx was able to implete the testing of equipment and systems, identify operational issues, and improve control gallery environmental conditions. There are forty-six (46) open issues and observations left at e time of this report being issued.

easured air quantities supplied to the Galleries and the original design.

ecommissioning is a systematic process ensuring that existing building systems perform eractively according to the Owner's operational needs. With team cooperation, JB&B was able identify the Owner's objectives and optimize the existing gallery air distribution system to meet current facility requirements.

is report includes, but is not limited to, detailed recommissioning tests completed onsite, oject issues and observations logs, major items addressed and BMS trend data analysis.

### xecutive Summary

suipment as listed herein has been completely recommissioned in accordance with the project rrent facility requirements.

sch section of this document will describe the procedures that were executed on all systems to nfirm that they are performing within their operational requirements.

&B Cx developed all required recommissioning test scripts, which were in turn distributed to e Owner and BMS service provider for review and comment. JB&B Cx directed/witnessed sting of all in-scope equipment, which was executed by the BMS service provider. In addition, &B Cx developed and managed an issues and observations database that monitored all issues entified during the recommissioning process and their resolution,

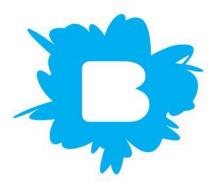
rough recommissioning tests, JB&B Cx was able to ensure proper installation, operational rformance and efficiency of existing systems. The entire issues and observations log, as well a log of outstanding issues (open issues), can be found in Sections 5 and 6 respectively.

verall, we feel the recommissioning process was a success. Most of our success can be ributed to the cooperation among all parties of the commissioning team. JB&B Cx has a high vel of confidence that, through the testing of all the recommissioned systems, the current facility quirements for the Brooklyn Museum Gallery Air Distribution System Recommissioning Project ive been satisfied, and the issues affecting the proper operation of the existing systems have en identified and corrected. Further improvements to the system can be achieved by Idressing the open issues and observations listed within this report.



### Conclusions

Takeaways from a Successful EBCx Process

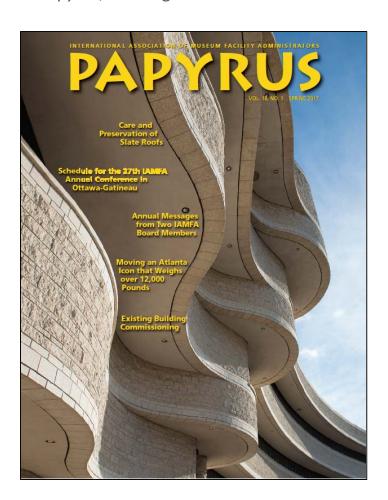




- Collaboration of EBCx team goes a long way toward implementing EBCx successfully
- Systematic investigation, analysis and optimization of Museum systems led to improved operation and gallery climate control
- Preventative maintenance plan and lessons-learned exercise with Client positions Museum for continuous improvement of systems

### Case Study

From *Papyrus*, the magazine of the International Museum Facility Administrators (IAMFA)



### **Existing Building Commissioning**

A Case Study

By Ryan Lean and Molly Dee

he Brooklyn Museum-one of the oldest and largest in the United States-experienced the challenges associated with gallery climate control firsthand, following a phased renovation. Seeking to resolve unstable temperature and relative humidity in gallery spaces, the Museum underwent existing building commissioning.

As it relates to a building's heating, ventilation and air conditioning (HVAC) system, commissioning is a qualityassurance procedure confirming that the building is fully prepared to operate as intended. For an existing building, this systematic process verifies that existing building systems perform interactively according to the owner's operational needs and Current Facility Requirements (CFR). From visual checks to system-wide testing, existing building commissioning (EBCx) helps achieve operational objectives while optimizing performance and energy efficiency.

Nowhere is this more important than in a museum, where the robustness and reliability of HVAC systems are critical to providing stable environments for galleries and exhibition spaces.



The Wilbour Plaque, ca. 1352-1336 B.C.E.

11/16 x 1-5/8 in. (15.7 x 22.1 x 4.1 cm). Brooklyn Museum. Gift of Evangeline Wilbour Blashfield, Theodora Wilbour, and Victor Wilbour honoring the wishes of their mother, Charlotte Beebe Wilbour, as a memorial to their father, Charles Edwir Wilbour, 16.48. Creative Commons-BY

were installed: . Two custom-built headered



The Brooklyn Museum

### Brooklyn Museum-Case Study Background

Founded in 1895, the Brooklyn Museum completed an eight-year renovation in 2016. The Museum added several new galleries to showcase collections ranging from Ancient Egyptian masterpieces to contemporary art. During its renovation, the Museum installed a state-of-the-art HVAC system with automated temperature controls for new and existing spaces. The renovation was completed in phases in order to spread costs across several years, and to ensure that the Museum remained open throughout the project.

Different teams of construction managers, contractors, and subcontractors completed the renovation across four distinct phases. Upon completion of all planned work, the African, Asian, Great Hall, and Blum galleries were built, and the following components of the new HVAC system

variable-air-volume air-handling units (AHUs) equipped with preheat coils, chilled water cooling coils, hot-water-reheat coils, and atomizing steam humidifiers. The AHUs are served by two variable-air-volume (VAV) return fans.

- · Thirty-one VAV terminal units with hot-water-reheat coils for additional temperature control.
- · Three fan-powered boxes (FPBs) with interlocks to hot-water fin-tube radiation serving the perimeter of the building.
- · Five supply-air distribution ducts tied to a dedicated header fed from the AHUs.
- · Four return-air branch ducts tied to a common return-air plenum serving the return fans.

As each phase of the project was finished, new equipment from that phase was placed into operation. Bringing the various components of the system online in this staggered manner left room for error where one phase ended and another began. When the renovation was complete,



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### This concludes the American Institute of Architects Continuing Education Systems course.

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